

UNITED WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Cost-of-Service Analysis FY 2019-20



Board Presentation

May 23, 2019



HF&H Consultants, LLC

Presentation Outline

- Background
- Cost-of-service analysis
 - Purpose and analytical steps
 - Cost categories and classifications
 - Cost of service allocations
- Summary of results
 - Ag and M&I costs of service
 - Ratio of M&I to Ag costs



Background

- District Act specifies a range for setting groundwater extraction charges
 - Act recognizes that the District provides service to two classes of pumpers: municipal and industrial (M&I) and agricultural (Ag)
 - Act requires that M&I extraction charge must exceed Ag charge by at least 3 times but no more than 5 times
- District Act does not specify how to determine the differential
- District has historically set M&I extraction charge at 3 times the Ag extraction charge (3 to 1 ratio)
- District developed a cost-of-service methodology for confirming the differential beginning with FY 2013-14
 - Results for FY 2019-20 are being presented today

Purpose of Cost-of-Service Analysis

- Purpose of cost-of-service (COS) analysis
 - Allocate costs associated with providing service to Ag and M&I pumpers in Zones A & B
- Allocations are proportionate to the services each class receives
- The COS analysis determines the quantitative *difference* between Ag and M&I costs
 - The difference determines the ratio
- The COS analysis does not determine extraction charges for Zones A and B
 - Extraction charges are determined by District based on minimum 3 to 1 ratio

Standard Steps in COS Analysis

1. Classify costs by services provided to pumpers
2. Determine unit costs for each service
 - Unit costs apply equally to Ag and M&I
3. Allocate the cost of service to each class based on each class' units of service

COS analysis relies on

- Appropriate rate-making standards
- Best available data
- Reasonable assumptions

Three Cost Categories

The cost categories correspond to the District’s core services

	Cost Categories		
	Replenishment	Reliability	Regulatory Compliance
Services	Zone A/B management and administration	Facilities constructed to improve groundwater reliability (Santa Felicia and Freeman Diversion Dams)	Regulatory compliance for facilities that improve groundwater reliability
Costs - O&M	Administration, management, and overhead	Operating personnel for storage and diversion facilities	Studies for ESA compliance, Dam Safety
- Capital	Equipment used for management and administration	Storage and diversion facilities	Facilities that are needed to comply with regulation of reliability facilities



District Budget Related to Zones A and B

- Total District budget of \$40.9 million
 - \$23.6 million is related to Zone A/B
 - \$17.3 million is related to other activities
 - 26.3% increase over FY 2018-19
 - Primarily due to increase in capital project costs

	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20	Variance	
Total District Budget	\$32,442,150	\$40,960,647	\$8,518,497	26.3%
Less:				
State Water Fund Expenses	(\$1,846,571)	(\$1,529,555)	\$317,016	-17.2%
O/H Pipeline Fund Expenses	(\$8,353,457)	(\$8,958,029)	(\$604,572)	7.2%
PV Pipeline Fund Expenses	(\$339,089)	(\$441,228)	(\$102,139)	30.1%
PT Pipeline Fund Expenses	(\$2,837,585)	(\$4,561,319)	(\$1,723,735)	60.7%
Recreation-related Costs	(\$1,904,557)	(\$1,811,883)	\$92,674	-4.9%
Subtotal Non-Zone A/B Expenses	(\$15,281,258)	(\$17,302,014)	(\$2,020,756)	13.2%
Total Zone A/B Budget	\$17,160,892	\$23,658,634	\$6,497,741	37.9%



Costs By Category

Zone A/B Budget	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20	Variance	
Replenishment Costs				
Personnel Costs	\$1,247,079	\$1,950,029	\$702,950	56.4%
Program Costs	\$1,425,890	\$1,952,324	\$526,434	36.9%
Overhead Allocation	\$588,659	\$1,404,258	\$815,600	138.6%
Capital Equipment Costs	\$7,848	\$11,763	\$3,915	49.9%
Debt Service	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Transfer to Capital Reserves	\$109,656	\$973,738	\$864,082	788.0%
Subtotal - Replenishment	\$3,379,133	\$6,292,113	\$2,912,980	86.2%
Reliability Costs				
Personnel Costs	\$1,357,979	\$684,216	(\$673,763)	-49.6%
Program Costs	\$715,682	\$943,551	\$227,869	31.8%
Overhead Allocation	\$641,007	\$492,719	(\$148,288)	-23.1%
Capital Equipment Costs	\$3,939	\$5,685	\$1,746	44.3%
Debt Service	\$1,365,200	\$1,629,427	\$264,227	19.4%
Transfer to Capital Reserves	\$985,680	\$1,927,999	\$942,319	95.6%
Subtotal - Reliability	\$5,069,487	\$5,683,598	\$614,111	12.1%
Regulatory Compliance Costs				
Personnel Costs	\$2,257,002	\$1,981,975	(\$275,027)	-12.2%
Program Costs	\$2,411,300	\$3,244,900	\$833,600	34.6%
Overhead Allocation	\$1,065,372	\$1,427,263	\$361,891	34.0%
Capital Equipment Costs	\$13,272	\$19,551	\$6,279	47.3%
Debt Service	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Transfer to Capital Reserves	\$2,965,779	\$5,009,234	\$2,043,455	68.9%
Subtotal - Regulatory Compliance	\$8,712,726	\$11,682,924	\$2,970,198	34.1%
Total	\$17,161,346	\$23,658,634	\$6,497,289	37.9%

- Replenishment costs
 - 27% of total
 - 86% increase
 - Increased personnel costs and program costs

- Reliability costs
 - 24% of total
 - 12% increase
 - Decreased personnel costs while capital equipment costs increased

- Regulatory Compliance costs
 - 49% of total
 - 34% increase
 - Increased capital costs



Capital Projects – FY 2019-20 Budget

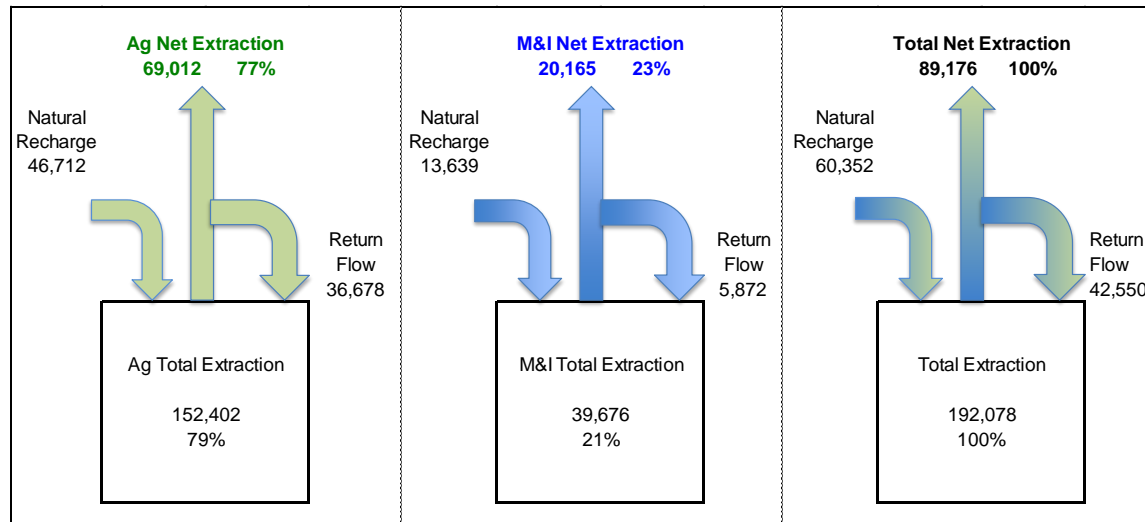
Zone A/Zone B Capital Projects			Replenishment	Reliability	Regulatory Compliance	Total
8001	421	Freeman Diversion Rehab		\$246,862	\$1,810,324	\$2,057,186
8002	051	SFD Outlet Works Rehab		\$56,143	\$692,429	\$748,572
8003	051	SFD PMF Containment			\$1,095,802	\$1,095,802
8005	051	SFD Sediment Management		\$0		\$0
8006	052	Lower River Invasive Species Control Project			\$933	\$933
8008	051	Quagga Decontamination Station			\$2,924	\$2,924
8014	052	Solar Project - Piru		\$0		\$0
8018	051	Ferro-Rose Recharge		\$0		\$0
8019	051	Brackish Water Treatment Plant			\$7,170	\$7,170
8020	052	Recycled Water		\$0		\$0
8024	052	New Headquarters (alloc based on personnel costs)	\$545,358	\$191,352	\$554,292	\$1,291,001
8025	051	State Water State Interconnection Project		\$11,677		\$11,677
8028	052	Replace El Rio Trailer		\$6,650		\$6,650
8030	051	Alternative Supply Alliance Pipeline		\$52,825		\$52,825
8032	051	Grand Canal		\$525,916		\$525,916
8033	421	Floc Building Emergency Generator		\$75,000		\$75,000
8034	051	Lake Piru Campground Electrical Update		\$65,800		\$65,800
8035	451	OH Booster Pump Overhaul				\$0
8036	451	OH System Emergency Generator				\$0
8037	051	Piru WTP Emergency Generator		\$96,800		\$96,800
8038	471	PTP System Emergency Generator				\$0
8039	051	Santa Paula Tower Emergency Generator	\$60,800			\$60,800
8040	052	Santa Paula Microwave Communications Tower	\$179,078			\$179,078
8041	052	Asset Management/CMMS System	\$22,836			\$22,836
		Total	\$808,071	\$1,329,026	\$4,163,875	\$6,300,971

- FY 2018-19 budget comparison
 - Replenishment \$89,861
 - Reliability \$724,284
 - Regulatory Compliance \$2,621,637
 - Total \$3,435,782**



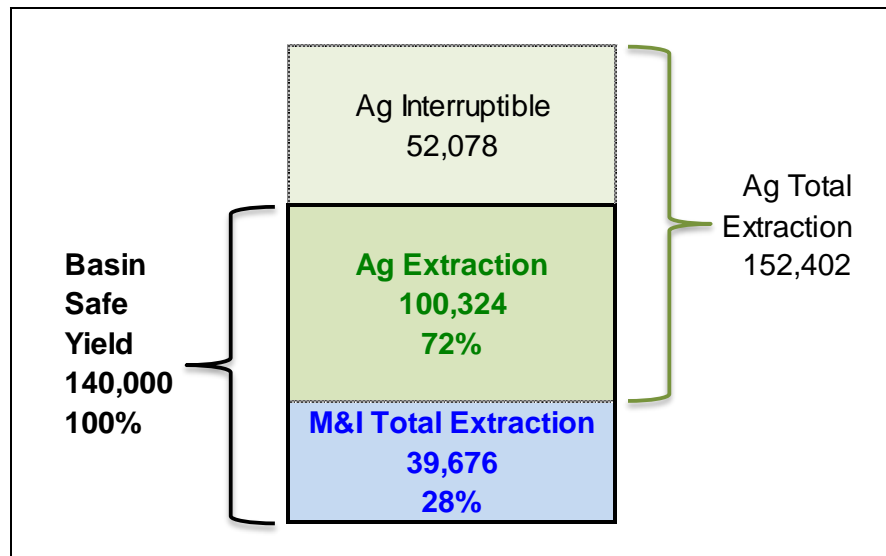
Replenishment Cost Allocations

- Service provided by District
 - Zone A/B management and administration
- Units of service: adjusted consumptive use (net extractions)
 - Total pumpage minus return flow and natural recharge
 - Represents net impact on basin and need for replenishment by Ag and M&I



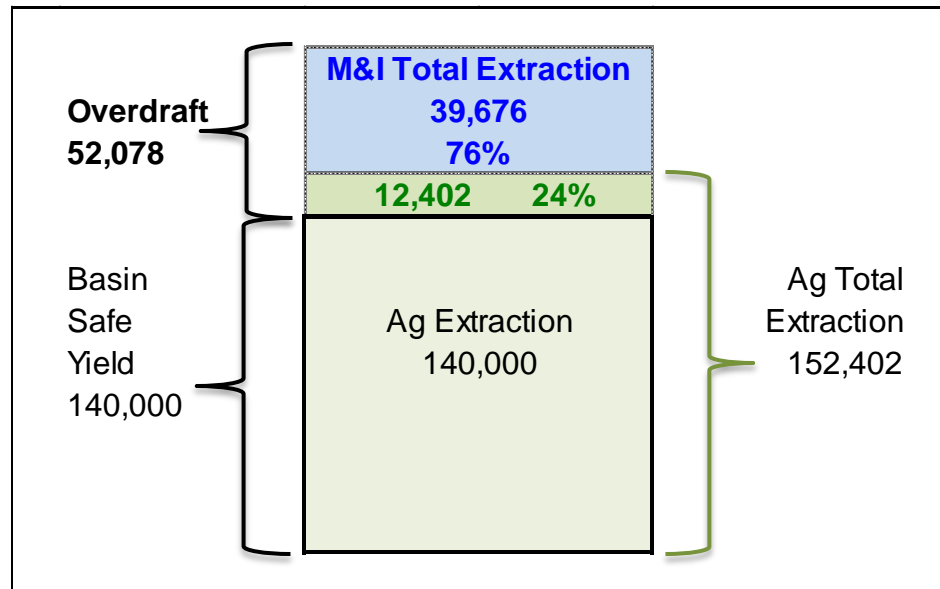
Reliability Cost Allocations

- Service provided by District
 - Facilities constructed to improve safe yield
- Units of service: pumpage within basin safe yield
 - Pumpage within safe yield is basis for allocation
 - *M&I receives higher priority for higher beneficial use*
 - Ag is reduced to provide for M&I pumpage



Regulatory Compliance Cost Allocations

- Service provided by District
 - Regulatory compliance related to facilities that provide reliability
- Units of service: contribution to overdraft in the basin
 - Pumpage in excess of safe yield is basis for allocation
 - *Ag has historical priority over M&I*
 - Ag pumpage comes first



Allocation Factor Summary

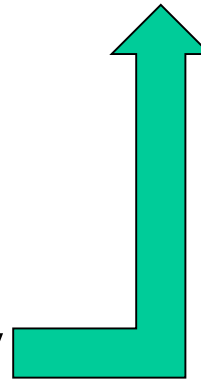
	Cost Categories		
	Replenishment	Reliability	Regulatory Compliance
	<i>(from Figure 7)</i>	<i>(from Figure 9)</i>	<i>(from Figure 11)</i>
Allocation Factors			
- Ag	77%	72%	24%
- M&I	<u>23%</u>	<u>28%</u>	<u>76%</u>
	100%	100%	100%

Proportionate to net extractions from basin



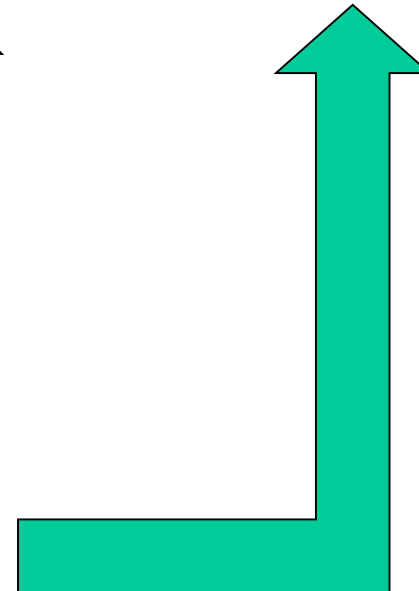
Proportionate to basin safe yield

- M&I requires greater reliability
- some Ag is interruptible



Proportionate to overdraft

- Ag development preceded M&I
- M&I development worsened overdraft



Replenishment Cost of Service (\$/AF)

I. Replenishment Unit Costs	
Replenishment costs	\$6,292,113
Adjusted consumptive use (AF)	89,176
Unit cost of service (\$/AF)	\$70.56

The same unit costs apply equally to Ag and M&I

	Ag	M&I	Total
I. Replenishment Cost of Service			
Unit cost of service (\$/AF)	\$70.56	\$70.56	\$70.56
Adjusted consumptive use (AF)	69,012	20,165	89,176
Cost-of-service allocation	\$4,869,317	\$1,422,795	\$6,292,113



Reliability Cost of Service

II. Reliability Unit Costs	
Reliability Costs	\$5,683,598
Pumpage within basin safe yield	140,000
Unit cost of service (\$/AF)	\$40.60

The same unit costs apply equally to Ag and M&I

	Ag	M&I	Total
II. Reliability Cost of Service			
Unit cost of service (\$/AF)	\$40.60	\$40.60	\$40.60
Pumpage within basin safe yield	100,324	39,676	140,000
Cost-of-service allocation	\$4,072,853	\$1,610,745	\$5,683,598



Regulatory Compliance Cost of Service

III. Regulatory Compliance Unit Costs	
Regulatory Compliance costs	\$11,682,924
Overdraft contribution (AF)	52,078
Unit cost of service (\$/AF)	\$224.33

The same unit costs apply equally to Ag and M&I

	Ag	M&I	Total
III. Regulatory Compliance Cost of Service			
Unit cost of service (\$/AF)	\$224.33	\$224.33	\$224.33
Overdraft contribution (AF)	12,402	39,676	52,078
Cost-of-service allocation	\$2,782,136	\$8,900,787	\$11,682,924



Summary of COS Allocations and Composite Ratio

	Ag	M&I	Total
IV. Total Cost of Service			
Replenishment	\$4,869,317	\$1,422,795	\$6,292,113
Reliability	\$4,072,853	\$1,610,745	\$5,683,598
Regulatory Compliance	\$2,782,136	\$8,900,787	\$11,682,924
	<u>\$11,724,307</u>	<u>\$11,934,327</u>	<u>\$23,658,634</u>
Total pumpage (AF)	152,402	39,676	192,078
Composite unit cost (\$/AF)	\$76.93	\$300.79	\$123.17
Ratio of M&I to Ag unit costs	1.00	3.91	

- Ag is allocated majority of Replenishment and Reliability
 - Proportionate to its use of the basin safe yield
- M&I is allocated majority of Regulatory Compliance
 - Regulatory costs associated with M&I’s impact of exacerbating overdraft conditions



Summary

- Methodology consistent with past years
- FY 2019-20 cost-of-service analysis confirms 3-to-1 ratio

Composite Unit Costs (\$/AF)	Ag	M&I	Ratio M&I:Ag
FY2013-14	\$56.51	\$178.43	3.16
FY2014-15	\$50.94	\$165.32	3.25
FY2015-16	\$54.44	\$171.74	3.15
FY2016-17	\$49.64	\$169.80	3.42
FY2017-18	\$55.38	\$227.80	4.11
FY2018-19	\$54.38	\$215.47	3.96
FY2019-20	\$76.93	\$300.79	3.91
Average	\$56.89	\$204.19	3.59



Questions?

